

Radio Channels & Frequencies

CH 1: Expo Line repeater. 410.2875Mhz CH 2: Millennium Line repeater, 410.0625Mhz CH 3: Maintenance/back-up repeater, 410.4875Mhz CHL 5: Yard control simplex frequency, 408.5125Mhz YARD FREQUENCY: 408.5125 Simplex

Emergency Codes

| ALPHA: | Police |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| BRAVO: | Suspicious package or bomb threat |
| CHARLIE: | Collision |
| DELTA: | Derailment |
| ECHO: | Ambulance |
| FOXTROT: | Fire |
| INDIA: | Human contact with train |
| TANGO: | Unauthorized entry into guideway |
| WHISKEY: | Weapon |
| WHISKEY GOLF: | Weapon, Gun |
| WHISKEY KILO: | Weapon, Knife |
| CONTROL NET: | Only staff directly involved in emer- |
| | gency can communicate on radios |
| RFD: | Confirmed |

YELLOW: Unconfirmed GREEN: Clear of emergency

Train Fault Code

BO: Bad Order

BOT: Bad Order Track

CB: Coffee Break

truck.

| i Fault Codes | HMP: Health Monitor Panel |
|---|--|
| Motion obstructed/brake | HMU: Health Monitor Unit |
| All fire and smoke detector problems | HOT LUNCH: Vomit, Puke |
| 37 v dc. problems | HPM: Health Performance Mo |
| VOBC halted | HPU: Hydraulic Power Unit |
| Brake or BAMS problems | HVAC: Heating Ventilation & |
| Propulsion problems | Conditioning |
| VOBC halted | IANS: Integrated Alarm Notifi |
| Train overspeed | tion System |
| Target point overshoot | I/B: Inbound track towards W |
| : Rollback | terfront |
| : VOBC fault | ICTS: Intermediate Capacity |
| : Couple rejected | Transportation System |
| : Doors fail to open | LIM: Linear Inductor Motor |
| : Failure to get door status in station | Mark I: The first generation of |
| Loss of door status, outside of station | SkyTrain vehicle |
| | Mark II: The second generati |
| pment, Guideway & Train References | SkyTrain vehicle |
| : Automatic Assured Receptivity Unit | MBTC: Moving Block Train Co |
| , | developed by Alcatel it allow |
| • | continuous real-time control a |
| Brake Assurance Monitor | tracking of trains. |
| | MHA: Mental Health Act |
| Blue Lighting System | MOW: Maintenance-Of-Way |
| | Motion obstructed/brake All fire and smoke detector problems 37 v dc. problems VOBC halted Brake or BAMS problems Propulsion problems VOBC halted Train overspeed Target point overshoot Rollback VOBC fault Couple rejected Doors fail to open Failure to get door status in station |

BOGIE: A wheeled undercarriage pivoted below the

end of a rail vehicle. Sometimes referred to as the

CREW TRAIN: The train that is run behind the last

CESS: Central Emergency Stop System

CIS: Control Insulator Section

COMSET: Communications set

COS: Control Supervisor

revenue train to pick up various employees so that they can get home at night. CS: Coupler status DCA: Designated coupling/uncoupling area DCCB: Direct current circuit breaker DC: Dual Control (track switch) EAT: Emergency Access Track EB: Emergency Brakes ECB: Electronic Control Bin EEC: Emergency equipment cabinet EER: Emergency equipment room EER ROOM: Electrical Equipment Room EMO: Emergency Manual Operation EMTB: Emergency Magnetic Track Brakes FC: Fault category FCP: Fire Fighters Command Post FID: Feed-in device FOCS: Fibre Optics Communication System FP: Fouling point - A fouling point is the last possible section on a track that you can be on before having a risk of being hit by another train traversing the switch. GIDS: Guideway Intrusion Detection System GIES: Guideway Intrusion Emergency System GIMS: Guideway Intrusion Monitoring System GREEN PLUG: Procedure conducted by field staff to correct a disturbed or faulty switch HMP: Health Monitor Panel Health Monitor Unit UNCH: Vomit, Puke Radio antenn Health Performance Monitor For passenger Hydraulic Power Unit Heating Ventilation & Air ionina Integrated Alarm Notifica-/stem bound track towards Wa-Intermediate Capacity

The first generation of

(track)

waterfront

nance Center

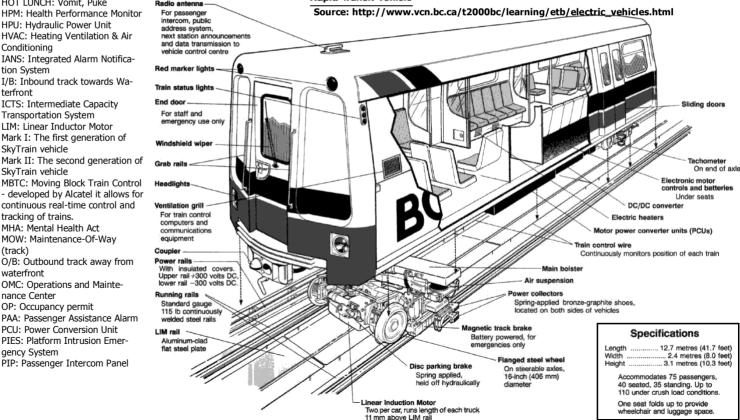
gency System

OMC: Operations and Mainte-

PCU: Power Conversion Unit

OP: Occupancy permit

PLEDS: Platform (light emitting diode) sign PPCS: Propulsion Power Cut off switch PTE: Permission to enter RCH: Roval Columbian Hospital RE-ENTRY: If a train has 'timed out' (is lost by the ATC system), then someone must drive the train over the re-entry point at a steady velocity for the system to pick it up again. over the re-entry point at a steady velocity for the system to pick it up again. SCADA: Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (used to control power on SkyTrain) SCS: Switch control system SCU: Switch Control Unit SESP: Station Emergency Stop Processor SESS: Station Emergency Stop System SLEEPER: Someone sleeping on the train SMC: System Management Center STA: SkyTrain Attendant T&C: Testing & Commissioning an unauthorized entry into the track. TIME OUT: Train loses communication with VCC TLTS: TransLink Transit Security



RE-ENTRY POINT: If a train has 'timed out' (is lost by the ATC system), then someone must drive the train TIDES: An early version of the GIES in use exclusively at Stadium outbound. It makes use of a laser to detect **Rapid Transit Vehicle**

TOOLBOX: Safety meeting for staff TP: Transit Police TRACK SECTION: A unique, numbered section of track that is approximately 5 meters in length. Track sections are how the ATC system keeps track of where each train is. Don't read the numbers upside down! TRAIN LINE RESET: Resetting all VOBC's TRIMS: Train Radio Information System TVM: Ticket Vending Machine TVS: Tunnel Ventilation System TZ: Transition Zone (track) UA: Unattended UTDC: Urban Transportation Development Corporation VCC: Vehicle Control Centre - consists of linked minicomputers regulating speed, safe distances, and track switches. VCIF: Vehicle Cleaning & Inspection Facility VIP: Visually Impaired Person / Special Needs Person VOBC: Vehicle On Board Computer VPD: Vancouver Police Department VRS: Vehicle Radio System VVAU: Vehicle Voice Announcement Unit (Big Mouth) WT: Wash track YRA: Yard run around ZULU: Bathroom break Source: http://www.scanbc.com